
Polarization Extinction / Emission

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Abstract

Dust-induced polarization has traditionally been used primarily to trace interstellar magnetic fields. It still can, but with the development and testing of modern Radiative Alignment Torque (RAT) theory, polarimetry - from the UV to mm-waves - also provide a powerful way to probe the dust, its size, including growth and destruction, shape, and mineralogy, as well as its environment, including gas density and radiation fields. I will briefly review the elements of RAT alignment and illustrate, with multi-wavelength observations how we can use (spectro-)polarimetry to gain new and unique insights about interstellar dust and the interstellar medium.

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